



Boxing weight classes

In boxing, weight divisions were created to eliminate the disadvantage smaller and lighter fighters would have against taller and heavier fighters. Below is the weight divisions for boxing, to qualify, boxers must be under the weight to compete in the weight class. Answer the following questions based on the information given below.

minimumweight (48 kg)	light flyweight (49 kg)	flyweight (51 kg)	super flyweight (52 kg)	bantamweight (53.5 kg)
super bantamweight (55 kg)	featherweight (57 kg)	super featherweight (59 kg)	lightweight (61 kg)	super lightweight (63.5 kg)
welterweight (67 kg)	super welterweight (70 kg)	middleweight (72.5 kg)	super middleweight (76 kg)	light heavyweight (79 kg)
cruiserweight (91 kg)		heavyweight (unlimited)		

Questions:

- List the weight divisions the following boxers can compete in
 - Boxer A weighs 58kgs
 - Boxer B weighs 95kgs
 - Boxer C weighs 45kgs
 - Boxer D weighs 71.5kgs
- What is the minimum difference in weight between the following divisions?
 - Light Flyweight and middleweight
 - Cruiserweight and super bantamweight
 - Flyweight and heavyweight
 - Super lightweight and super flyweight
- To qualify to fight for a title you must be under the weight listed above. How much weight would these fighters have to lose to be able to compete for the middleweight title?
 - Boxer A 87kgs
 - Boxer B 82.45kgs
 - Boxer B 62kgs
 - Boxer C 92.421kgs